Rocine Lesson 40

וַיֵּרָא יְהוָה אֶל־אַבְרָם וַיִּבֶן שָם מִזְבֵּּ֫חַ לַיהוָה הַנִּרְאֶה אֵּלָיו

Genesis 12:7
Goals

Identify and read

• the Niphal participle
What we already know

Name the root and stem/binyan of the following:

1. וַיֵּרָא
2. וַיִּירָא
3. וַיַּרְא
What we already know

ונָרָא יְהוָה אֶל־אַבְרָם וַיִּבֶן שָם מִזְבֵּּ֫חַ לַיהוָה הַנִּרְאֶה אֵּלָיו

Name the root and stem/binyan of the following:

1. וַיֵּרָא רָאָה Niphal Niphal nun can’t assimilate to resh, so hireq lengthens to tsere to compensate. 39.2f
2. וַיִּירָא יָרָא Qal True I-Yod so we see both yods. 21.2c
3. וַיַּרְא רָאָה Qal Missing letter rule for III-Heh. 21.2c
What we already know

Name the root and stem/binyan of the following:

1. וַיֵּרָא  ראה Niphal Niphal nun can’t assimilate to resh, so hireq lengthens to tsere to compensate. 39.2f
2. וַיִּירָא יְהוָה אֶל־אַבְרָם וַיִּבֶן שָם מִזְבֵֵּ֫חַ לַיהוָה הַנִּרְאֶה אֵּלָיו  ראה Qal True I-Yod so we see both yods. 21.2c
3. וַיִּרְא ראה Qal Missing letter rule for III-Heh. 21.2c

Missing Letter Rule for III-Heh:
• When a root letter is completely missing
• And the nikkud under the prefix pronoun is anything other than
  • tsere  ן
  • or qamets  ג
• the missing letter is a ה from the end of the root.
What is the one verb form which can have the definite article attached to it like our lesson word הָנִּרְאֶה?
What is the one verb form which can have the definite article attached to it like our lesson word הָנִּרְאֶה?

The Participle (12.2b)
What is the one verb form which can have the definite article attached to it like our lesson word הָנִּרְאֶה? The Participle (12.2b)

How is it usually translated?
Goals

What is the one verb form which can have the definite article attached to it like our lesson word?  

The Participle (12.2b)

How is it usually translated?

As a relative clause
i.e. *the one who* or *who.*
Goals

워א יהוה אלה-אברם וַיִּבֶן שָם מִזְבֵּּ֫חַ לַיהוָה

is a Niphal Participle.

**RULE:**

As with the Niphal qatal and weqatal, the sign of the Niphal participle is a pre-formed nun.

- Remember that the Qal and Niphal participles are the only stems that do not use pre-formed mems.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strong</th>
<th>I-Yod (I-Waw)</th>
<th>Hollow</th>
<th>I-Nun</th>
<th>III-Heh</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ms</td>
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<td>נוֹשָּׁב</td>
<td>בֵּנוֹת</td>
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# Niphal Participles

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Note that in the III-Heh, the expected **Qamets Theme Vowel** is lost in the ms form.
- Don’t confuse the fs form for the ms form. The qamets in the fs form is not actually the theme vowel. It’s part of the affix. The qamets theme vowel is lost in all the forms of the III-Heh.